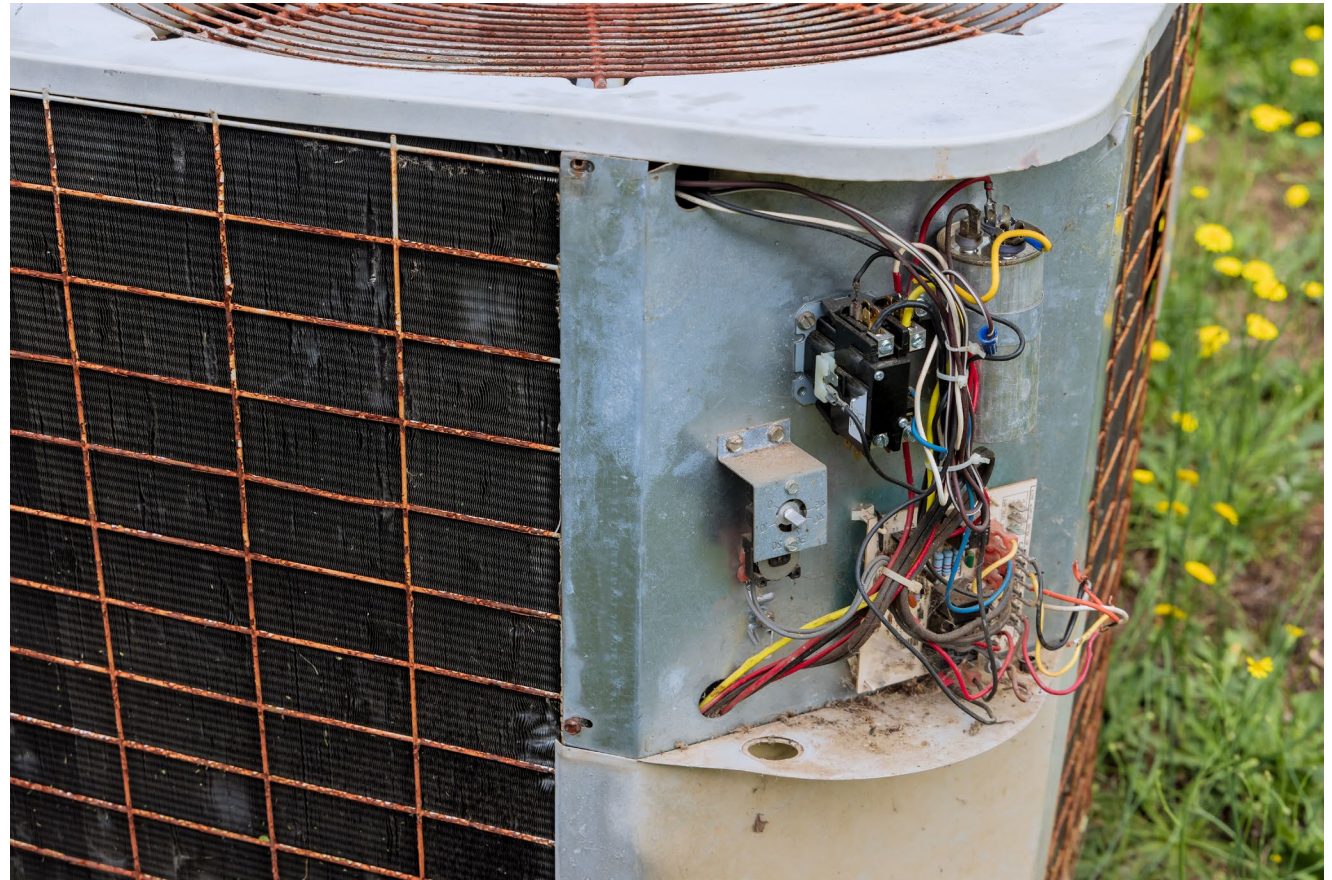


Existing Single Family Reach Code

Air Conditioner Replacements/Additions



[Jurisdiction and Date]

Agenda

Objectives and Scope

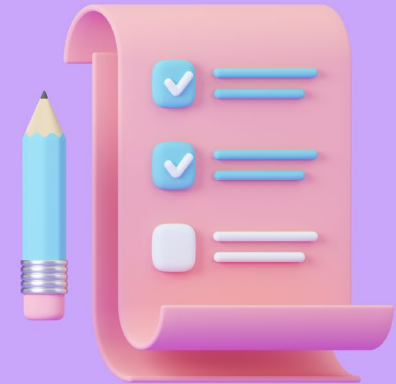
Background & Policy Context

Proposed Policy Requirements & Exceptions

Development Process and Next Steps

Ways to Provide Feedback

Q&A Discussion

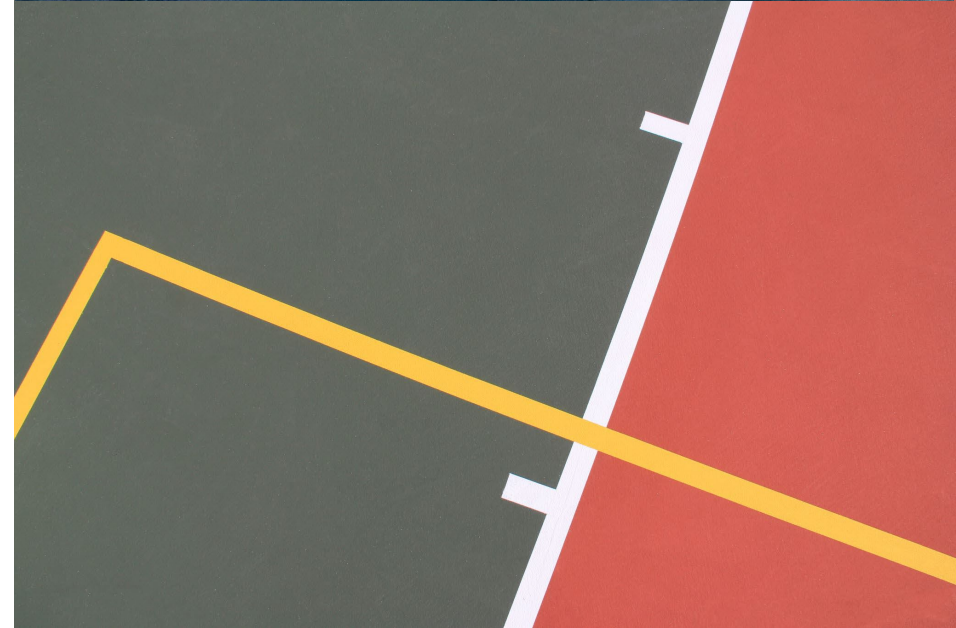




Objectives and Scope

Ordinance Objectives

- Require energy upgrades when replacing or adding a central air conditioner
 - Upgrade to an electric heat pump space conditioner (heater) and comply with State Code
 - May keep or replace furnace for supplemental heating only.
 - Keep gas furnace and make additional energy improvements
- Meet Federal and State requirements
 - Electric heat pump is not required, but encouraged





Background and Context

Policy Context

Local Policy

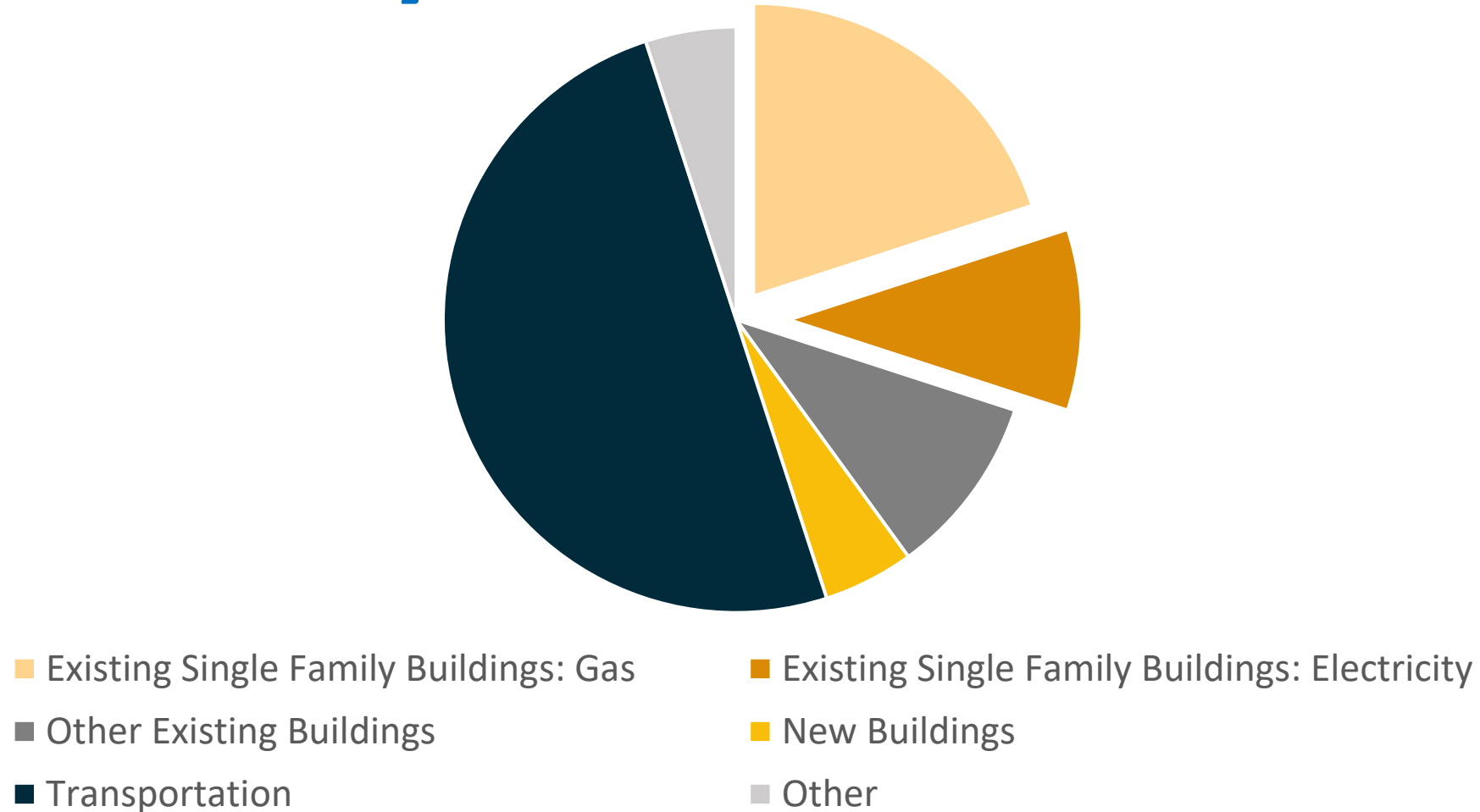
- *Cite CAP (or other policy document) regarding existing buildings*
- *Recite history, other reach codes*

State Policy

- AC to Heat Pump offered as voluntary measure for local adoption under California Green Buildings Standard Code (CALGreen)
- Proposed reach code includes some changes to CALGreen text to facilitate implementation

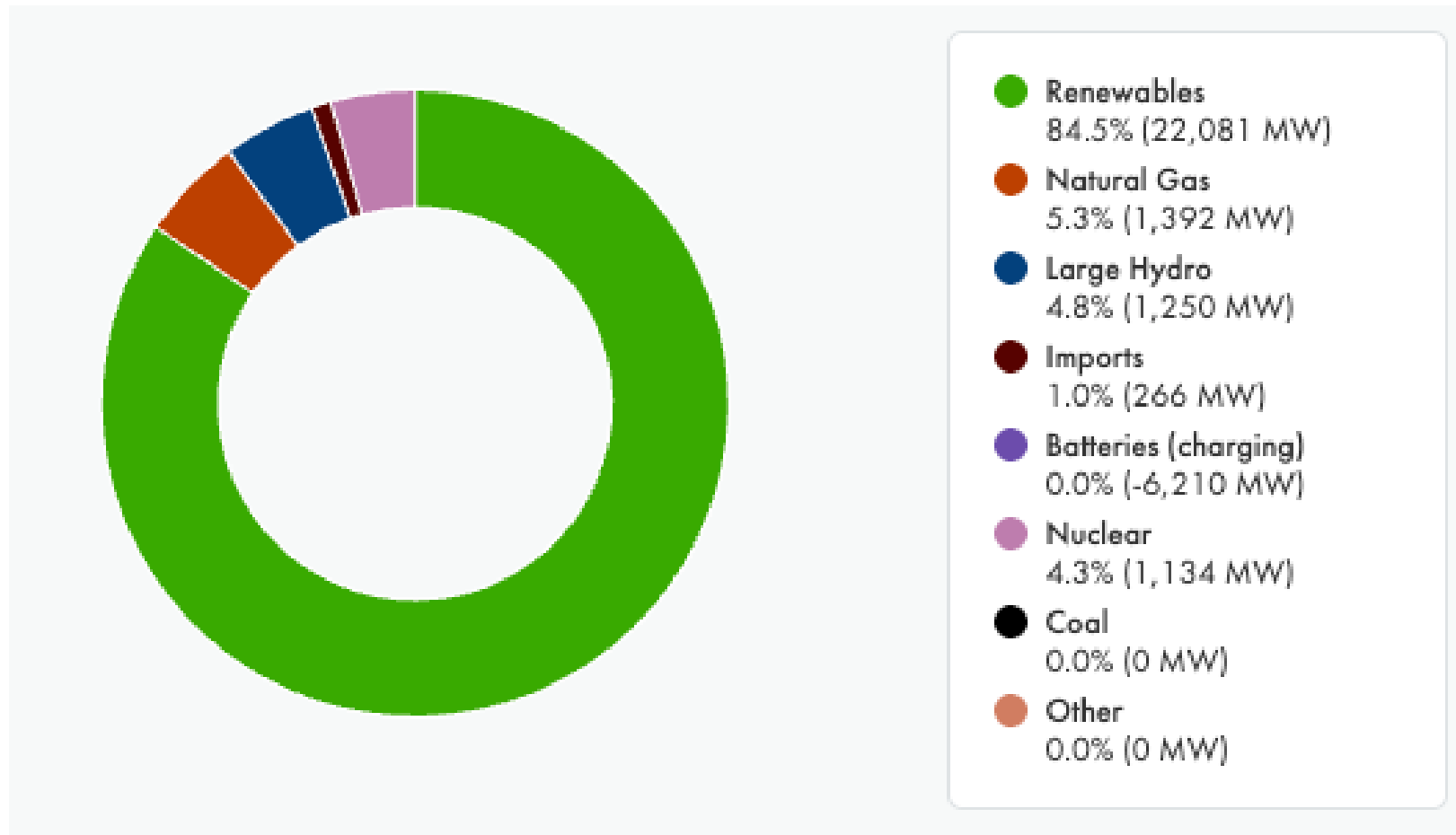
Context: GHG Emissions Projections 2030

[use local data]



Why Go All-Electric?

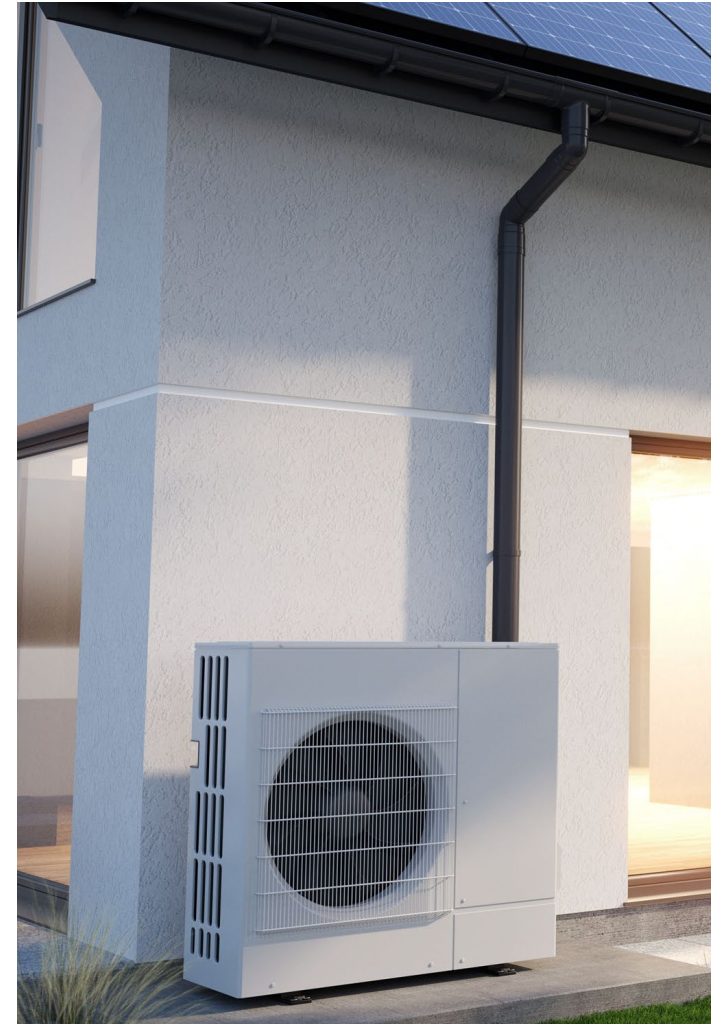
Power Supply Mix in CA – An Instantaneous Snapshot



Source: <https://www.caiso.com/todays-outlook>, May 10, 2025

Why Heat Pumps?

- Heat pumps result in major greenhouse gas emission reductions
 - Two to four times more efficient than gas furnaces
 - Powered by electricity, which in California, is mostly from renewable energy sources
- Can be both an air conditioner and a space heater
- No on-site combustion of gas
- No risk of carbon monoxide poisoning from the space conditioning system

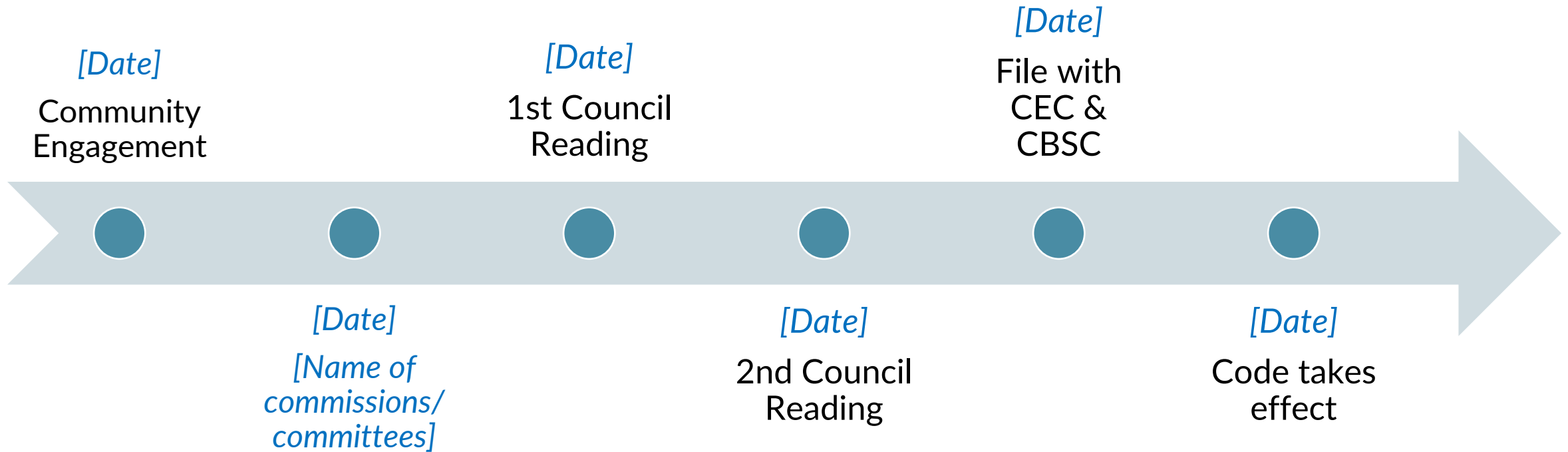


Air Conditioners in Existing [Jurisdiction] Homes

- **XX** existing single family homes, duplexes and townhomes
- **YY** with central air conditioning and gas heating
- **ZZ** annual permits for air conditioner replacements
- **AA** projects affected by proposed requirements



Policy Development Timeline





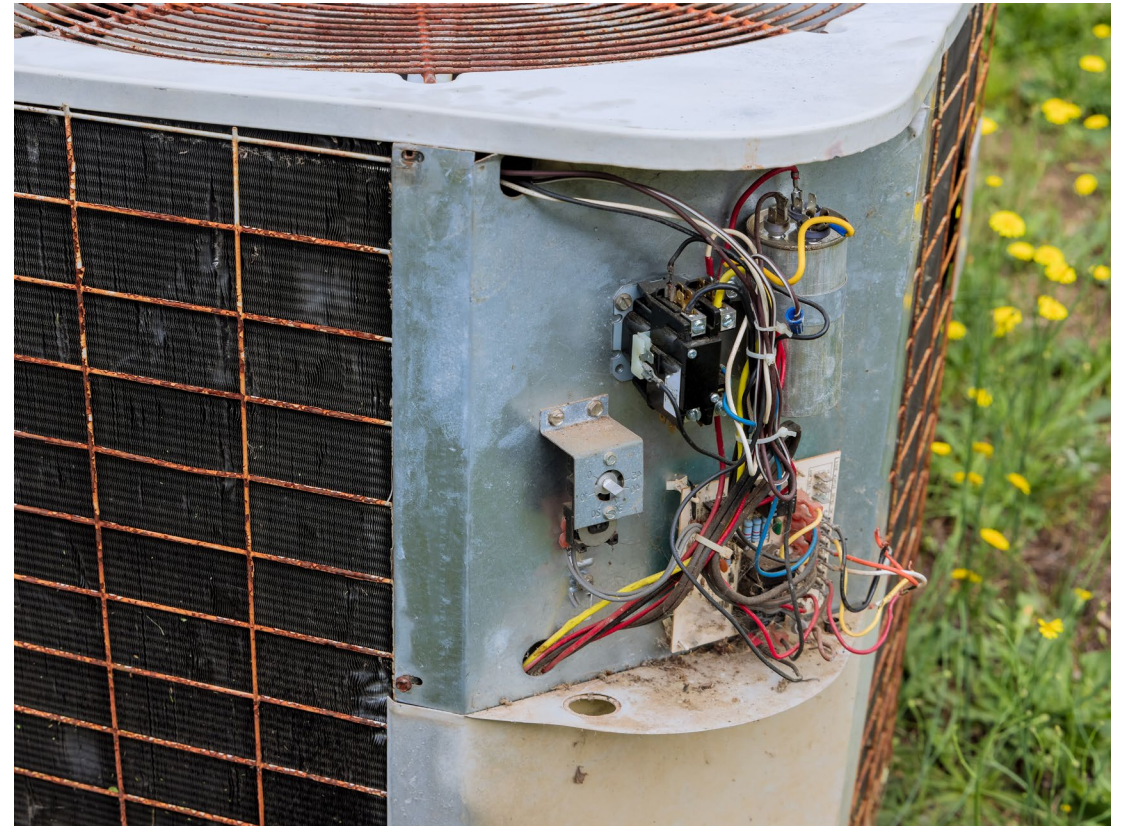
Proposed Policy Requirements

Policy at a Glance:

Existing Single Family Homes, Duplexes and Townhomes

When replacing or adding a central air conditioner, either:

- Install model that functions as a heat pump space heater and meet State code requirements that apply to the project (may keep existing or replace gas furnace for supplemental heating only), **OR**
- Keep a gas furnace, meet State code requirements that apply to the project **AND** meet additional local reach code requirements.



New Heat Pump Only

Duct Insulation:
No Requirement

Duct Sealing:
10% or RA Path

Airflow:
300 CFM/ton or RA Path

Fan Efficacy:
No requirement

Ref Charge

Solid blue:
Reach over state code
Gradient: Reach in some CZ
No fill: Same as state code
RA: Reference Appendix

New AC Only

Duct Insulation:
No Requirement

Duct Sealing:
10% or RA Path

Airflow:
300 CFM/ton or RA Path

Fan Efficacy:
0.45 W/CFM or RA Path

Ref Charge

Attic Insulation: R-49
Exception: Exist R-38

Air Sealing: Ceiling
Exception: Exist R-38

New Heat Pump and New Ducts

Duct Insulation:
R-6 in CZ 3, 5-7
R-8 in CZ 1, 2, 4, 8-16

Duct Sealing: 5%

Airflow:
350 CFM/ton

Fan Efficacy:
0.58 W/CFM

Ref Charge

Attic Insulation: R-49
CZ 1-4, 6, 8-16 Only.
Exc. R-19 in CZ 1, 3, 6

Air Sealing: Ceiling
CZ 2, 4, 8-16 Only.
Exception - Exist R-19

New AC/Furnace and New Ducts

Duct Insulation: R-8

Duct Sealing: 5%

Airflow:
350 CFM/ton

Fan Efficacy:
0.35 W/CFM

Ref Charge

Attic Insulation: R-49
CZ 1-4, 6, 8-16 Only.
Exc. R-19 in CZ 1, 3, 6

Air Sealing: Ceiling
CZ 2, 4, 8-16 Only.
Exception - Exist R-19

Summary of Requirements

Heat Pumps

Ducts	State Code Requirements	Additional Local Code Requirements
Existing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Duct sealing (10% leakage)• Airflow efficiency (300 CFM/ton)• Refrigerant charge verification	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• None
New	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Duct sealing (5% leakage)• Airflow efficiency (350 CFM/ton)• Refrigerant charge verification• Attic insulation (R-49) [CZs 1-4, 6, 8-16]• Air sealing [CZs 2-4, 8-16]	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• None

Air Conditioners

Ducts	State Code Requirements	Additional Local Code Requirements
Existing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Duct sealing (10% leakage)• Airflow efficiency (300 CFM/ton)• Refrigerant charge verification [CZs 2, 8-15]	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fan efficacy (0.45 watts/CFM)• Attic insulation (R-49)• Air sealing• Refrigerant charge verification [CZs 1, 3-7, 16]
New	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Duct sealing (5% leakage)• Airflow efficiency (350 CFM/ton)• Refrigerant charge verification [CZs 2, 8-15]• R-6 Duct insulation [CZ 3, 5-7]• R-8 Duct insulation [CZs 1-2, 4, 8-16]• Attic Insulation (R-49) [CZs 1-4, 6, 8-16]• Air sealing [CZs 2-4, 8-16]	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Refrigerant charge verification [CZs 1, 3-7, 16]• Fan efficacy (0.35 watts/CFM)• R-8 Duct insulation [CZs 3, 5-7]

Incremental Cost and Savings of Heat Pumps

Assumes Furnace Would Be Replaced Anyway

Incremental first cost	\$XX,XXX
Lifecycle savings	\$YY,YYY

Assumes Furnace Remains in Place (dual fuel system)

Incremental first cost	\$XX,XXX
Lifecycle savings	\$YY,YYY

Modify by climate zone using the notes

GHG Reductions

Approach	Metric Tons			Percentage		
	Pre-1978	1978-1991	1992-2010	Pre-1978	1978-1991	1992-2010
Vintage						
Heat pump with furnace as backup				%	%	%
Heat pump & new air handler (no furnace)				%	%	%

Populate using data from model staff report

General Exceptions

- Where the capacity of the existing main electrical service panel is insufficient to supply the electrical capacity of a heat pump sized to meet the heating load
- Where the required capacity of a heat pump is 12,000 Btu/hr more than the air conditioner capacity



Specific Exceptions

- R-49 attic insulation and air sealing for projects using existing ducts and no heat pump
 - Not required if attic is already insulated to R-38
- All other exceptions in the State code apply



Resources for Homeowners

Inflation Reduction Act Residential Energy Rebate Programs

- Home Electrification and Appliance Rebates (HEEHRA): rebates for qualifying, energy saving appliances and equipment to income-eligible, single-family households and multifamily properties
- Equitable Building Decarbonization Direct Install Program: no-cost energy retrofits for low-income households
- Pay for Performance Program: rebates for whole home energy retrofits for Californians regardless of household income

Federal tax credits are available for most residential energy upgrades (approximately 30% for each improvement, with caps per measure and total in a given tax year)

Federal activities have created uncertainties for many programs. Check current status and requirements.



Ways to Provide Feedback

Stakeholder and Community Engagement

[Provide details on outreach and engagement activities]





Q & A Discussion



Thank you!

We appreciate your time

Name
email

Name
email

url